

Environmental Quality Board

Agency Update 2017 MSBA

Will Seuffert, Executive Director
Environmental Quality Board
November 9, 2017



www.eqb.state.mn.us



Environmental Quality Board

- Founded in 1972
- 9 agency heads and 8 citizen members
- 4 year terms; appointed by Governor, confirmed by Senate
- Board Chair, MDA Commissioner Frederickson
- Minnesota Statutes: Chapters 103A, 103B, 116C, 116D and 116G
- Administrative Relationship with MPCA

Purpose



→ Effective and Efficient

Our mission is to lead Minnesota environmental policy by responding to key issues, providing appropriate review and coordination, serving as a public forum, and developing long-range strategies to enhance Minnesota's environmental quality.

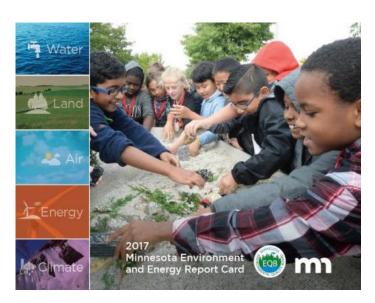
Our Role

Strategic interaction of multiple state agencies

Stewards
environmental
review
processes that
cross domains
and jurisdictions

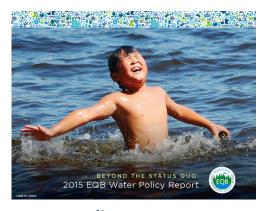
Provides forums for the public to engage in policy making processes

Strategic Interaction Among Agencies

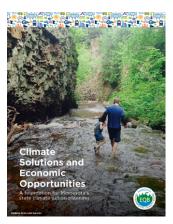


2017 Environment and Energy Report Card





Water Policy Report



Climate Solutions and Economic Opportunities

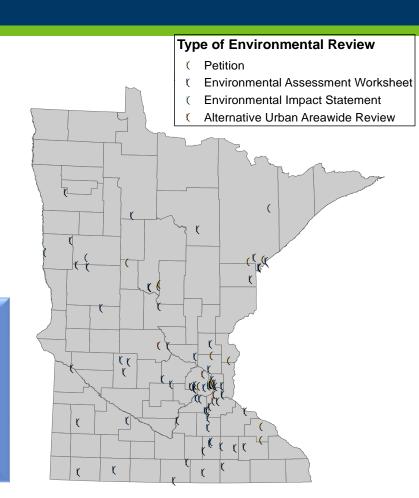


Environmental Review Oversight

- Assist governmental units, citizens, and project proposers
- Monitor effectiveness and efficiency, and make improvements

2016 Environmental Review Projects

- 60% of environmental reviews completed by local units of government
- 65% of environmental reviews completed outside the 7county metro area



Public Engagement



Minnesota's Water Quality Improvement Goal



Environmental Review Advisory Panel



Minnesota Environmental Congress
OUR VOICE. OUR FUTURE. FEBRUARY 3, 2017

2017 Environmental Congress



Pollinators Committee

2017 Legislative Session

Membership Changes:

- 8 citizens instead of 5, 1 from each Congressional District
- At least 4 must have "knowledge of or be conversant in Environmental Review or Permitting"
- No lobbyists or legislators
- What are the impacts of these changes? Balance—citizens vs. agency heads, geography, business emphasis

Jurisdiction:

- Deletions to topical areas of study
- Deletion of sections pertaining to legislation review and Regional Development Cooperation
- What are the impacts of these changes? Narrowed focus

2017 Legislative Session

- 116D.04, subd. 2a (new "i"). Permit review during environmental review.
 - New requirement: Agencies must begin reviewing any permit application identified in the draft EAW scoping document upon publication of the EIS preparation notice.
- 116D.04, subd. 5b. Mandatory category report.
 - New date: December 1, 2018 and every three years thereafter, rather than five years
 - New requirement: "recommendations" for whether categories should be changed based on the "intended outcome" and relationship to permitting.
- 116D.04, subd. 10. Judicial review.
 - New time-clock: Aggrieved parties have 30 days from publication date of the EQB Monitor to file an appeal.
- 116D.045, subd. 1. EIS assessments.
 - New rulemaking: Board must adopt rules for RGUs to allow project proposers to prepare draft EISs.
- Laws 2013, chapter 114, article 4, section 105
 - New requirement: "shall" to "may" regarding EQB obligation to write silica sand rules.

Environmental Review

- 2016 Data and Trends
- Survey Responses
- What's the Problem?
 - Timeliness and costs
 - Health Impacts and Environmental Review (Pending petition: HIA/HRA for nonferrous mining)
 - Climate Change: Category or Potential Impact to Analyze?
 - Environmental Justice: Does the current model enable broad participation?
 - Alternatives
- Program Updates
 - Rules, ER Advisory Panel





25% by 2025

Environment & Energy Report Card

Initiatives

Environmental Review

Silica Sand

About

Environmental Review Program

The Environmental Quality Board (EQB) oversees the environmental review program for the state of Minnesota. The EQB's environmental review duties are directed by Minnesota Statutes 116D.04. Environmental review is conducted by a Responsible Governmental Unit (RGU) such as a county, city or state agency. The requirements for environmental review are based on the nature, size, and location of the proposed project, and are described in Minnesota Rules 4410.

Please contact EQB Staff with any questions related to the environmental review program at 651-757-2873 or Env.Review@state.mn.us.

In this section:

EQB Monitor

Guidance for Practitioners and Proposers

Guidance for Citizens

Environmental Review Advisory Panel

Related Links

EQB Monitor

Guidance for Practitioners and Proposers

Guidance for Citizens

Information Request (via MPCA)

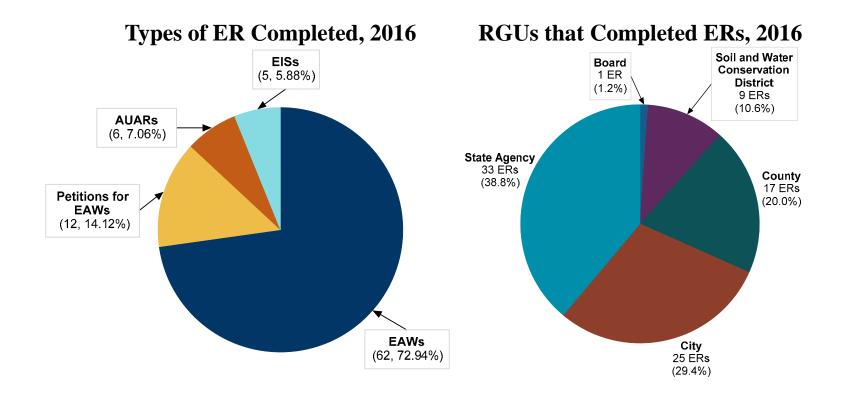
Sign up for email notices

Sign up for our email notices at GovDelivery!

Quick Links

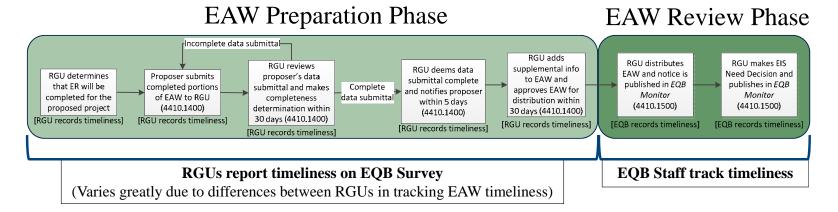
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ERs Completed in 2016

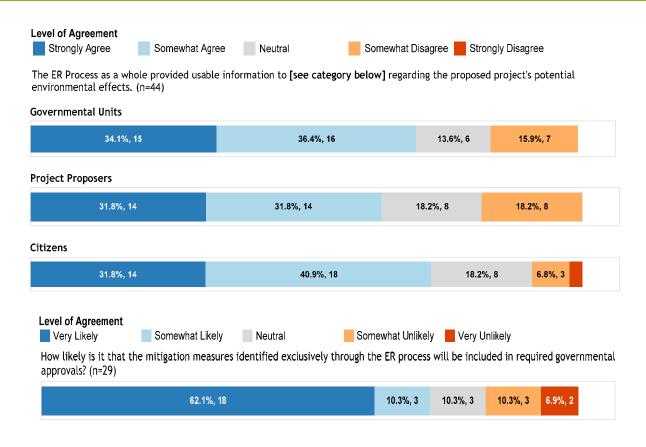


Limited Tracking of the ER Process

- Tracking of the ER process varied widely
 - Most respondents (72%) did not track costs
 - Most respondents (61%) did not track staff time
- Reporting on ER timeliness varied widely



2016 Survey Results: The ER process



Environmental Review Advisory Panel

Convened

• February, 2017

Purpose

 Modernizing the Environmental Review Program

Outcomes

 Report with actionable recommendations to the Environmental Quality Board

Panel Members:

- David Zoll, Lockridge Grindal Nauen P.L.L.P.
- Willis Mattison, Citizen
- Peder Larson, Larkin Hoffman Attorneys
- Kathryn Hoffman, Minnesota Center for Environmental Advocacy
- Jason Aagenes, Cliffs Natural Resources
- Carissa Slotterback, University of Minnesota
- James Atkinson, ALLETE, Inc.
- Halston Sleets, City of Minneapolis
- Lucas Sjostrom, Minnesota Milk Producers
- Michele Ross, Sambatek
- Andi Moffatt, WSB & Associates, Inc.
- Timothy Nelson, Cook County
- Randall Doneen, DNR
- Louise Miltich, COMM
- Josh Fitzpatrick, Federal Aviation Administration

PANEL-SELECTED FOCUS AREAS



CLIMATE IMPACTS

PROBLEM STATEMENT

A consistent GHG calculation methodology and/or broader climate impact analyses have not been established for the environmental review process.

PANEL RECOMENDATION

- A panel of experts should be convened to <u>evaluate</u> if the current GHG threshold in the Air Pollution Mandatory Category, should be:
 - ✓ Eliminated
 - Raised
 - ✓ Lowered
- The threshold should be <u>evaluated</u> to determine appropriate connections to federal air permitting requirements
- There should be a consistent GHG calculation method and guidance for RGUs and project proposers
 - The guidance should include recommendations for how GHG emissions should be addressed in both the EAW and EIS processes

MANDATORY CATGORIES

PROBLEM STATEMENT

Existing mandatory categories need to be reviewed and potentially updated.

PANEL RECOMENDATION

- The Panel selected 11 mandatory categories they felt should be prioritized for updates.
- Of the 11, the Panel selected 4 mandatory categories to provide specific language improvements
- The panel recommended that the technical team consider ways to make applicability thresholds easier to determine.

STREAMLINING THE PROCESS

PROBLEM STATEMENT

Change is needed for when the intersection of federal, state and local permitting creates redundancies that needlessly slow the process.

PANEL RECOMENDATION

- When local comprehensive plans, TMDLs, etc. are accepted or approved by the state; applicable project-related information included in those plans could be included to partially satisfy the environmental review requirements.
- Consider flexibility within the current review process and new alternative review processes to help reduce redundancy.
- Bring all stakeholders together earlier in the process to better coordinate the process.

HUMAN HEALTH

PROBLEM STATEMENT

The environmental review process does not include a consistent approach for how to incorporate human health considerations into the environmental review process.

PANEL RECOMENDATION

Develop guidance to incorporate human health impacts

- How to complete the EAW Form with greater human health impacts considered in each question
- How to use EAWs as a screening tool for completing an HIA
- How to scope health impacts into an EIS

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT: PROBLEM STATEMENT

PROBLEM STATEMENT

EQB needs to understand what enables meaningful engagement and how to adapt the environmental review process.

PANEL RECOMENDATION

To be determined in December.

NEXT STEPS

December, 2017
Final ERAP
Recommendations

January-February, 2018

Finalize Report

March, 2018

Present Recommendations to EQB for Approval

Rulemaking

Mandatory Categories Rulemaking (RD-4157)

Scope: Gain efficiencies in the mandatory categories through aligning rules and statutes; making technical updates and corrections.

- Combined of three legislative initiatives:
 - Mandatory Categories Report
 - Silica Sand Projects (RD-4305)
 - Recreational Trails (RD-4381)
- Preliminary Draft EIS Rulemaking 2017 Legislative Directive
 - Allow proposers to prepare a preliminary draft EIS (RD-4502)



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